

Date: 16 April 2025

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Dear Sir/Madam

ADDENDUM NO. 3 TO THE CODE OF PRACTICE ON SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE (7th EDITION)

This circular informs Developers, Qualified Persons (QP) and Agencies that PUB will be releasing Addendum No. 3 to the Code of Practice on Surface Water Drainage (COPSWD) (7th Edition), on 16 April 2025.

Introducing Regulatory Maintenance Regime for Flood Protection Measures

- Arising from amendments to the Sewerage and Drainage Act (SDA) on 1 Mar 2025, which specify that owners are responsible for ensuring their stormwater drainage system, including flood protection measures within their premises are in proper order, changes have been made in the COPSWD to streamline the requirement for owners and Managing Agents to submit annual declarations on the maintenance of **flood barriers**, **pumped detention tanks** and **pumped drainage systems** to PUB.
- 3 Currently, developments with flood barriers and pumped detention tanks are already required to make annual declarations and submissions to PUB upon obtaining the Temporary Occupation Permit (refer to Clause 13 in the COPSWD 7th Ed, Addendum No.2). The intent of the changes in Addendum No. 3 is to simplify and standardise the submission requirements based on development types as shown in <u>Table 1</u>.
- Addendum No. 3 also enhances existing clauses in the COPSWD for better clarity and incorporates new requirements to align with existing industry practices. The full list of changes is summarised in <u>Annex A</u>. The COPSWD 7th Edition (with Addendum No. 3) can be downloaded from https://www.pub.gov.sg/Professionals/Resources/Code-of-Practices.
- To allow the industry time to plan for the new requirements, only new Development Control (DC) submissions made from 1 Oct 2025 onwards must comply with the new requirements. In the meantime, the current edition of the COPSWD and conditions imposed in DC/DP clearance will continue to be effective for on-going projects. Nevertheless, we would encourage all industry professionals to incoporate the new design requirements where possible for their current projects.

Queries on the Circular

For any pre-consultation, please contact PUB by using the Regulatory Submission Enquiry (link) and select "Submission Consultation", or the "Pre-consultation" tab on CORENET X. If you have any queries on the revised COPSWD 7th Edition (Addendum No. 3) you may contact Ms Yeoh Yang Shan at Yeoh Yang Shan@pub.gov.sg or Ms Christiana Shen@pub.gov.sg.



Table 1: Existing vs New Requirements in COP Addendum

Type of Developments	Existing Submission Requirements in 7 th Edition COPSWD	Changes in Submission Requirements in COP Addendum No.3 (changes are in bold)
Critical/Key Infrastructure (CI/KI), Special Facilities (e.g. MRT) or Developments with direct/indirect linkages to underground Special Facilities	Flood barrier: Automated flood barrier - Certificate of inspection by PE(Civil/Mech) together with supporting documents such as on-site leak test report, photographs and operations SOP. Pumped Detention Tank: Electrical license issued by EMA, maintenance records of pumps, level control systems and cleaning and desilting records.	All Cls and Kls with the following measures will need to provide annual submissions to PUB for record: Flood barrier: Automated flood barrier - Certificate of inspection endorsed by PE (Civil/ Mechanical) & servicing report (e.g. on-site leak test) by maintenance contractors Manual flood barrier - Inspection & servicing report by maintenance contractors Site layout plans indicating location(s) with flood barriers and photographs of flood barriers Pumped Detention Tank & Pumped drainage system (only applicable for Road /Underground Rapid Transit Tunnels, Portals and Vehicular Underpasses): Inspection & servicing report by maintenance contractors (i.e. Maintenance records for pumps, level control system, cleaning and desilting records for tank and pump sump to be submitted annually for records.) And letter as per below
All other developments (non- CI/KI and Special Facilities) with flood barriers and pumped detention tanks, except landed housing	As above.	An official letter with proper company letterhead endorsed by authorised representative from Developer/ Owner/ Managing Agent/ MCST/ Town Council, declaring that the stormwater drainage system including flood protection measures within the premises are regularly inspected, maintained and kept in proper order.

Yours faithfully,

Joanne Siew **Deputy Director**

Catchment and Waterways Department PUB, Singapore's National Water Agency

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Changes to be included in the COPSWD 7th Edition Addendum No. 3

Termin ology	Existing	Amended (Changes in blue)	Remarks on Changes
	"ABC Waters Professionals" - are Professional Engineers, Professional Architects or Accredited Landscape Architects who are registered with The Institution of Engineers Singapore (IES), Singapore Institute of Architects (SIA) or the Singapore Institute of Landscape Architects (SILA) respectively as ABC Waters Professionals;	"ABC Waters Professionals" - are Professional Engineers, Chartered Engineers, Professional Architects or Accredited Landscape Architects who are registered with The Institution of Engineers Singapore (IES), Singapore Institute of Architects (SIA) or the Singapore Institute of Landscape Architects (SILA) respectively as ABC Waters Professionals;	Editorial amendment to align with existing practice. Chartered Engineers with valid Chartered Engineer certificate (Environment & Water) issued under the Chartered Engineering Board for IES members may register with The Institution of Engineers Singapore (IES) as ABC Waters Professionals.
New	NA	"Minor Services" - refers to the following services up to 300mm diameter: a. Power distribution cables; b. Water pipes; c. Gas distribution pipes; d. Telecommunication cables; e. Any other services except sanitary/sewerage pipes.	Proposed new terminology.

Drainage System ischarging any storm water within opment site to the roadside/outlet tical grating(s) shall be installed at discharge point(s) of the internal ocated within the development	Amended (Changes in blue) Internal Drainage System Prior to discharging any storm water within the development site to the roadside/outlet drain, vertical grating(s) shall be installed at the outlet discharge point(s) of the internal drain(s) located within the development site. The height for the vertical grating shall not encroach into the drain freeboard.	Remarks on Changes To specify the height of the vertical grating shall not encroach into the drain freeboard.
ischarging any storm water within opment site to the roadside/outlet tical grating(s) shall be installed at discharge point(s) of the internal ocated within the development	Prior to discharging any storm water within the development site to the roadside/outlet drain, vertical grating(s) shall be installed at the outlet discharge point(s) of the internal drain(s) located within the development site. The height for the vertical grating shall not encroach into the drain freeboard.	of the vertical grating shall not encroach into the drain
for Air Wells/ Courtyards		
drains serving the air wells or is shall be designed to cater for f and shall be at least 150mm in Maintenance sump(s) should rovided. If the drainage of the air is through more than one ith the size of the conduit drain shall ith the requirements of the drain as stipulated in Clause	Drainage for Air Wells/ Courtyards Conduit drains serving the air wells or courtyards shall be designed to cater for the runoff and shall be at least 150mm in diameter. Maintenance sump(s) should also be provided.	Editorial changes for clarity and/or reflect existing practice.
e existing common drain is within the lot boundary but outside any boundary wall or fencing of the ment site, the location/position of any boundary wall or fencing shall ered or realigned. The proposed of new boundary wall or fencing erected at the same position of the boundary wall or fencing. Any to this arrangement shall be by the Board.	Common Drain (boundary wall/fencing) Where the existing common drain is located outside the existing boundary wall or fencing of the development site, the location of the existing or proposed boundary wall or fencing shall not be altered or realigned unless otherwise approved by the Board.	Editorial changes for clarity and/or reflect existing practice.
to Undercross ainage Reserve ervices are approved to be laid drain or drainage reserve, the shall undercross the drain/drainage nroughout the full width of the nage reserve with the following clearance below the invert of the or proposed drain: for lined drain; for earth drain or minimum clearance as may be by the Board.	Services to Undercross Drain/Drainage Reserve Where services are approved to be laid within a drain or drainage reserve, the services shall be laid to undercross the drain/drainage reserve throughout the full width of the drain/drainage reserve with the following minimum clearance below the invert of the existing or proposed drain: (a) 1.0 m for lined drain; (b) 1.5 m for earth drain or (c) Other minimum clearance as may be specified by the Board. Under exceptional circumstances, minor services may be laid to overcross the drain subject to the	Editorials changes to align with existing practice. Minor services overcrossing drain is allowed if QPs provide valid technical justification and comply with standard drawing.
	covided. If the drainage of the air at through more than one the size of the conduit drain shall the the requirements of the drain as stipulated in Clause Drain (boundary wall/ fencing) The existing common drain is atthin the lot boundary but outside the boundary wall or fencing of the ent site, the location/position of the boundary wall or fencing shall ered or realigned. The proposed of new boundary wall or fencing. Any to this arrangement shall be by the Board. To Undercross the drain or drainage reserve with the following clearance below the invert of the reproposed drain: for lined drain; for earth drain or minimum clearance as may be	sump(s) should also be provided. Sump(s) should also be provided.

Clause	Existing	Amended (Changes in blue)	Remarks on Changes
		Board and substantiate the proposal with technical justification. The Board may require the affected drain to be reconstructed to the size as determined by the Board. A typical plan for minor services to overcross the drain is shown in Drawing No. 9.	
6.1.10	Requirements for Construction Activities Material from any stockpile shall not be allowed to fall or be washed into the drain. Adequate preventive measures, including the provision of proper and stable barricades or screens where necessary, shall be provided.	Requirements for Construction Activities Material from any stockpile or construction activities shall not be allowed to fall or be washed into the drain. Adequate preventive measures, including the provision of proper and stable barricades or screens where necessary, shall be provided.	Editorial changes to align with existing practice.
6.1.12	Requirements for Construction Activities (None)	Any opening from the site that is not in use shall be properly sealed to prevent the escape of silty water out of the site area.	New clause to tighten ECM requirements and to align with existing industry practice.
6.3.7 (1) (b)	Effective ECM Components – Erosion Control Measures Covering up of all bare / erodible surfaces - Bare surfaces (including earth stockpiles) shall be covered by concrete-lining, concrete-paving, milled waste, erosion control blankets, close turfing or other suitable materials. Access roads within the site and at exit/entrance as well as the surfaces around the site facilities (such as office, fabrication and storage yards) shall be covered or paved. Work areas shall be covered with canvas sheets, tarpaulin sheeting or other suitable materials during rain or before work stops every day.	Effective ECM Components – Erosion Control Measures Covering up of all bare / erodible surfaces - Bare surfaces (including earth stockpiles) shall be covered by concrete-lining, concrete-paving, erosion control blankets, close turfing or other suitable materials. Access roads within the site and at exit/entrance as well as the surfaces around the site facilities (such as office, fabrication and storage yards) shall be covered or paved. Work areas shall be covered with erosion control blankets or other suitable materials during rain or before work stops every day.	To specify the use of erosion control blankets to cover work areas at worksites.

Clause	Existing	Amended	Remarks on
6.3.7 (2) (a)	Effective ECM Components – Sediment Control Measures	(Changes in blue) Effective ECM Components – Sediment Control Measures	Changes Editorial changes.
	The sediment control measures shall trap, contain and treat the silty discharges from within a construction/ earthworks site (including rain, runoff, water from washbay, underground water at basement, etc.) by providing:	The sediment control measures shall trap, contain and treat the silty discharges within a construction/ earthworks site (including rain, runoff, water from washbay, underground water at basement, etc.) by providing:	
	a. Perimeter Cut-off Drain – Perimeter cut- off drains shall be concrete-lined and adequate to capture all runoff from the site. For sites located above slope, a boundary wall of at least 600 mm high shall be provided along the entire perimeter of the site to prevent overflow onto adjacent properties.	a. Perimeter Cut-off Drain – Perimeter cut-off drains shall be concrete-lined and adequate to capture and channel all runoff from the site to the holding pond/sump. For sites located above slope, a boundary wall of at least 600 mm high shall be provided along the entire perimeter of the site to prevent overflow onto adjacent properties.	To clarify that perimeter cut-off drains shall be adequate to capture and channel all runoff from the site to the holding pond/sump.
6.3.7 (2) (d)	Effective ECM Components – Sediment Control Measures d. Holding pond/sump – All silty runoff shall be collected and channelled to ground holding pond/sump for treatment to the required water quality standard before discharging the runoff into the drain. All silty water shall be treated and discharged within 10 hours after the rainstorm so as to prepare the pond/sump for the next rainfall	Effective ECM Components – Sediment Control Measures d. Holding pond/sump – All silty runoff shall be collected and channelled to ground holding pond/sump for treatment to the required water quality standard before discharging the runoff into the drain. All silty water shall be treated and discharged within 10 hours after the	Editorial amendment – shifting of existing clauses.
	event.	rainstorm so as to prepare the pond/sump for the next rainfall event vi. For above ground holding tank design proposal, contractor shall provide justification that the system is able to function at all times, in particular, during heavy rain in the middle of the night. The justification shall include detailed calculations of number of pumps and pump size, provision of redundancy to cater for maintenance and breakdown, positive suction head at the sump pit, provision of power supply for the automated system throughout the entire operation and the standby manpower as necessary.	Clause vi and vii (previously under 6.3.7 (2) (e) Treatment system) shifted to be under 6.3.7 (2) (d) Holding pond/sump.
		and technical drawings shall be clearly enclosed in the ECM plan for the contractor to strictly adhere to. Contractor shall engage a QP (mechanical) to design and endorse the pumping system and monitor the	

Clause	Existing	Amended (Changes in blue)	Remarks on Changes
		performance and revise the ECM	
		design accordingly.	
6.3.7	Effective ECM Components – Sediment	Effective ECM Components –	Editorial amendment
(2) (e)	Control Measures	Sediment Control Measures	shifting of existing clauses.
	e. Treatment System – Adequately-sized	e. Treatment System - Adequately-	ciauses.
	treatment system shall be installed to treat	sized treatment system shall be	Examples given for
	all silty surface runoff before it is discharged into the drains. The treatment	installed to treat all silty surface runoff before it is discharged into the drains.	other type of water not to be handled by
	system shall be sized to treat and empty	The treatment system shall be sized	ECM system.
	the rain runoff water in the holding	to treat and empty the silty runoff	
	pond/sump within 10 hours after the rainstorm so as that to prepare the	water in the holding pond/sump within ten (10) hours after the rainstorm so	Treatment system must be operated
	pond/sump for the next rainfall event. Any	as to prepare the pond/sump for the	and maintained
	other water shall be handled separately	next rainfall event. Any other water	regularly to ensure its
	and shall not be channelled to the holding pond/sump for treatment. The treatment	such as used water, sullage water and slurry shall be handled separately and	effectiveness.
	system shall be calibrated regularly	shall not be channelled to the holding	
	according to the manufacturer's	pond/sump for treatment. The	
	specification. The quality of discharge shall be monitored continuously by a Total	treatment system shall be installed, calibrated, commissioned, operated	
	Suspended Solids (TSS) meter or by other	and maintained regularly according to	
	means.	the manufacturer's specifications and	
	The treatment plant treats the silty water at a prescribed flow rate and	maintenance manual. The treatment system shall be free from any	
	there is no holding capacity within the	material/substance that will affect the	
	treatment plant. Treatment plants shall	quality of treated water.	
	not be included as part of the total holding pond/sump capacity.	i. The treatment plant treats the silty	
		water at a prescribed flow rate.	
	ii. For above ground holding tank design	Treatment plants do not have	
	proposal, contractor shall provide justifications that the system is able to	holding capacity and shall not be included as part of the	
	function at all times, in particular, during	computation of total holding	
	heavy rain in the middle of the night. The justifications shall include detailed	pond/sump capacity.	
	calculations of number of pumps and	ii. The quality of discharge into	Monitoring of the
	pump size, provision of redundancy to	public drain shall be continuously	quality of discharge
	cater for maintenance and breakdown, positive suction head at the sump pit,	monitored by CCTV linked to the Silt Imagery Detection System	through CCTV linked to the SIDS to align
	provision of power supply for the	(SIDS) for sites 0.2 hectares and	with existing practice.
	automated system throughout the entire	above.	
	operation, and configuration of the automated system and the standby	iii. It is strongly encouraged for the	To encourage to
	manpower as necessary.	treatment system to be equipped	equip treatment
	iii The chave information cabonation and	with an automated intervention	system with
	iii. The above information, schematics and technical drawings shall be clearly	feature to prevent silty water exceeding legal limits from being	automated intervention feature
	enclosed in the ECM plan for contractor	discharged into public drain.	to prevent silty water
	to strictly adhere to. Contractor shall	Evamples of automated	discharges
	engage a QP (mechanical) to design and endorse the pumping system and	Examples of automated intervention features include but	exceeding legal limits.
	monitor the performance and revise the	are not limited to:	
	ECM design accordingly.	 Automatic shutting down of treatment system; and 	Editorial amendment – shifting of existing
		 Automatic diversion of silty 	clauses (ii & iii shifted
		water to holding pond with a	to clause 6.3.7 (2) e
		motorised valve.	under holding pond/sump section)
			,,,,,,

Clause	Existing	Amended (Changes in blue)	Remarks on Changes
6.3.7 (2) (i)	(none)	Site Hoarding – Gap at the base of site hoarding shall be properly sealed to prevent the outflow of silty water from the site.	New clause i to align with current practice.
6.3.9	Maintenance of ECM during Contract Duration	Maintenance of ECM during Contract Period	To remove clause iv since it will be covered under clause
	The ECM implemented on site shall be checked and maintained regularly to ensure that the ECM remains effective throughout the whole duration of works. This shall include: i. Replacing of silt fences and erosion control blankets ii. Re-paving of worn-out concrete surfaces iii. Replacing of membrane modules iv. Calibration of silty water treatment plant according to the manufacturer's specification v. Removal of silt accumulated in the holding sump	The ECM implemented on site shall be checked and maintained regularly to ensure that the ECM remains effective throughout the whole duration of works. This shall include: i. Replacing of silt fences and erosion control blankets ii. Re-paving of worn-out concrete surfaces iii. Replacing of membrane modules iv. Removal of silt accumulated in drain and the holding pond/sump v. Removal of silt accumulated at the silt fence and beside the boundary wall	6.3.7(2)(f).
	vi. Removal of silt accumulated at the silt fence and beside the boundary wall	vi. Removal of sludge accumulated in the ECM treatment plant	New clause vi to align with existing practice.
6.3.10	Monitoring of Discharge during Contract Duration	Monitoring of Discharge during Contract Period	
	The site operator/contractor shall monitor the discharge water quality as cited in Clause 6.3.1 before it enters the roadside/outlet drain(s).	The site operator/contractor shall monitor the discharge water quality as cited in Clause 6.3.1 before it enters the roadside/ outlet drain(s).	Editorial changes to enhance clarity of the clause.
	The site operator/contractor shall for this purpose, provide a continuous monitoring system which include the necessary monitoring instrument and CCTV system upon requested by the Board. The CCTV system shall be positioned at the drain so that it is able to view the discharge outlet(s) along with the upstream of the drain clearly. The CCTV image quality shall be able to distinguish the clear water and the silty water clearly.	The site operator/contractor shall for this purpose, provide a monitoring system such as monitoring instrument and CCTV system upon request by the Board. The CCTV system if installed, shall be positioned at the drain so that it is able to view the treated water flow from the discharge outlet(s) along with the upstream of the drain clearly. The CCTV image quality shall be able to distinguish the clear water and the silty water clearly.	
	The site operator/contractor shall keep the CCTV in operations at all times. The site operator/contractor shall submit regular reports (including photographic and monitoring records) of the site ECM as well as those for displaying quality upon	The site operator/contractor shall keep the CCTV in operation and link it to the Silt Imagery Detection System (SIDS) at all times upon request by the Board.	To align with existing practice to link the CCTV to the SIDS at all times.
	as those for discharge quality upon requested by the Board.	The site operator/contractor shall promptly respond to the SIDS alerts and take immediate remedial actions for abnormalities captured by the alerts.	
		The site operator/contractor shall submit regular reports (including photographic and monitoring records) of the site ECM as well as those for	captured by the SIDS alerts.

Clause	Existing		Amended (Changes in blue	e)	Remarks on Changes	
			discharge quality upon requ the Board.			
6.3.11	Removal upon Completion		Removal upon Completion	n	Editorial changes.	
	The ECM shall not be remove completion of work. The site of owner shall inform the Board removal of the ECM on comp project.	pperator/ prior to	All ECM shall not be remove the completion of work. The operator/ owner shall inform prior to removal of the ECM completion of the project.	site the Board		
7.1.2	Runoff Coefficient		Runoff Coefficient		To update the C	
	The runoff coefficient (C) depends on the degree and type of development within the catchment. Catchments are classified according to the expected general characteristics when fully developed. The C values are as follows:		The runoff coefficient (C) do the degree and type of deve within the catchment. Catch classified according to the egeneral characteristics whe developed. The C values a follows:	elopment ments are expected n fully	values based on surface characteristics and development types.	
	Characteristics of catchment when fully developed	Value of C	Characteristics of catchment when fully developed	Value of C		
	Roads, highways, airport runways, paved up areas	1.00	Roads, highways, airport runways, paved up areas	1.00		
	Urban areas fully and closely built up	0.90	Urban areas	0.90		
	Residential/industrial areas densely built up	0.80	Vegetated and pervious areas	0.45		
	Residential/industrial areas not densely built up	0.65	Note: For developments with composite surface characteristics, a weighted value of C may be			
	Rural areas with fish ponds and vegetable gardens	0.45	adopted.			
	Note: For catchments with c land use or surface characte weighted value of C may be	eristics, a				
7.1.5	Maximum Allowable Peak R Details (calculations and/or hyresults) showing how the propresent the required peak rund be submitted and endorsed by For systems that include ABC design features to meet the required peak runoff rates, the details must by an ABC Waters Profession also a PE (Civil). For design guidance on deter systems, QPs can refer to the Guide for On-site Stormwater Tank Systems, available on the Website. For design guidance on the Adesign features, QPs can refer Waters Guidelines and relevate the Engineering Procedures, the PUB website. Due conside be given to meeting ABC Waters Guidelines and Consideration of the PUB website.	ydraulic model posed system ff rates shall y PE (Civil). Waters equired peak be endorsed hal, who is attion tank a Technical Detention he PUB BC Waters er to the ABC ant chapters in available on eration shall	Maximum Allowable Peak Runoff Details (calculations and/or model results) showing how proposed system meets the peak runoff rates shall be so and endorsed by PE (Civil). systems that include ABC V design features to meet the peak runoff rates, the details endorsed by an ABC Water Professional, who is also a The general requirements for detention tank systems are Appendix 6. QPs can also recommended to the Stormwater Detention Tank that is available on the PUB For design guidance on the Waters design features, QP to the ABC Waters Guidelin relevant chapters in the English	hydraulic the required ubmitted For Vaters required s must be s PE (Civil). or outlined in efer to the Systems website. ABC s can refer es and	Consequential amendment due to the addition of new appendix on the general requirements for detention tank systems.	

Clause		Exis	ting			Amende Changes in			Remarks on Changes
	require tre	atment of st	s, which will of orm water runc sign features.		Procedures, available on the PUB website. Due consideration shall be given to meeting ABC Waters storm water quality objectives, which will often require treatment of storm water runoff using ABC Waters design features.				
9.5	Drain Cor	nection to	Existing Drain	1	Drain Con	nection to	Existing Drai	n	Editorial changes for
	Drain connection shall not join an existing drain at an angle that is against its flow. Invert level of the drain connection shall be as high as hydraulically possible and must not be lower than the benching level of the drain receiving the flow.			Drain connection shall not join an existing drain at an angle that is against its flow. Invert level of the drain connection shall be as high as hydraulically possible and must not be lower than the benching level of the drain receiving the flow. It is a good design practice to consider a minimum vertical distance of 300mm between the invert of the drain connection to the benching level of the drain receiving the flow.				clarity.	
9.11.4	Grating o	ver Closed	Drain/Culvert		Grating o	ver Closed	Drain/Culvert		Editorial changes to align with LTA's
	The size and spacing of gratings required shall be based on the internal width of the closed drain, as follows:			The size and spacing of gratings required shall be based on the internal width of the closed drain, as follows:		SDRE requirements for gratings.			
	Internal Width	Grating			Internal Width	Grating			
	(W)	Size 850 mm x	Spacing 50 m		(W)	Size 850 mm x	Spacing 50 m		
	W > 4 m	1000 mm in addition	(staggered)		W > 4 m	1000 mm in addition	(staggered)	,	
		4 m x 2 m (opening)	500 m			4 m x 2 m (opening)	500 m		
	2 m < W ≤ 4 m	850 mm x 1000 mm	50 m (staggered)		2 m ≤ W ≤ 4 m	850 mm x 1000 mm	50 m (staggered)		
		in addition	,			in addition	, 33 ,		
		1.5 m x 1.5 m (opening)	500 m			1.5 m x 1.5 m (opening)	500 m		
	750 mm < W ≤ 2 m	850 mm x 1000 mm	6 m (for drain ≤ 1 m deep) or 18 m (for drain > 1 m deep)		750 mm < W < 2 m	850 mm x 1000 mm	6 m (for drain ≤ 1 m deep) or 18 m (for drain > 1 m deep)		
	W ≤ 750 mm	700 mm x 850 mm*	6 m		W ≤ 750 mm	700 mm x 850 mm*	6 m		
	Note: (i) Rungs shall be embedded at the drain wall at every opening/grating for closed drains with internal depth equal to or greater than 0.9m in accordance with Clause 9.10. (ii)For drain or drainage reserve within the development site, maintenance opening shall comply with the requirements specified in Clause 5.4c.		Note: (i) F at the dra opening/g with interr greater th with Claus (ii)For dra within the maintenar	Rungs shall to a wall at every ating for clot all depth equan 0.9m in a se 9.10. In or drainage developments equirements	osed drains ual to or accordance ge reserve				

Clause	Existing	Amended (Changes in blue)	Remarks on Changes
	* Subject to approval of the Board, if the minimum size of closed drain as specific in Clause 4.3.1 cannot be met, the details of the Grating may be designed in accordance with the drawing as shown in Drawing No. 7A or 7B	* Subject to approval of the Board, if the minimum size of closed drain as specified in Clause 4.3.1 cannot be met, the details of the Grating may be designed in accordance with the drawing as shown in Drawing No. 7A or 7B	Changes
10.1	Pumped Drainage System	Pumped Drainage System	Editorial changes for
10.1	The minimum design and operation criteria for the pumped drainage system shall be as follows: (a) The pumping capacity shall be adequate to cater for immediate discharge of the storm water ingress of not less than 150 millimetres per hour from the entire source catchment area; i.e.: where P> 1A/3.6x10° P = pumping capacity (m³/s) I = rainfall intensity (mm/hr) A = catchment area contributing to ingress of storm water (m²) (b) There shall be minimally one complete set of back-up pumping equipment, including back-up pumps and pumping mains. The pumped drainage system shall be supported by a generator should the main power supply fail. (c) The pumping installation shall be designed with an automated device to start the pumping operation at times of storm water ingress, with operational option for manual control to override the automated device whenever desired. (d) Adequate pump sump shall be provided with sufficient storage capacity to cater for the total quantum of inflow from the entire source catchment area over a duration of at least 3 hours or such longer period as may be deemed necessary by the Qualified Person or as required by the Board for the re-activation of the pumping installation in the event of emergency breakdown/repairs or power failure, based on the maximum recorded rainfall given below: Duration (brs) 3 4 5 6 12 24 161 17 17 17 17 17 18 19 17 17 18 19 17 19 17 19 19 19 19	The minimum design and operation criteria for the pumped drainage system shall be as follows: (a) The pumping capacity shall be adequate to cater for immediate discharge of the storm water ingress of not less than 150 millimetres per hour from the entire source catchment area; i.e.: where P> IA (may be a contributing to ingress of storm water (m²) P = pumping capacity (m³/s) I = rainfall intensity (mm/hr) A = catchment area contributing to ingress of storm water (m²) (b) The minimum standby pumping requirement depends on the type of development, as categorised below: (i) General Developments The minimum standby pumping requirement including standby pumps and pumping mains shall be at least N duty + 1 standby. "N" refers to the number of pumps to achieve the design pumping capacity. (ii) All Type of Developments The minimum standby pumping requirement including standby pumps and pumping mains shall be at least N duty + N standby. The pumped drainage system shall be supported by a generator should the main power supply fail. (c) All pumping installation shall be designed with an automated device to start the pumping operation at times of storm water ingress, with operational option	Editorial changes for clarity on redundancy of pumping requirement.
	operation and monitoring of the pumped drainage system.	provided with sufficient storage capacity to cater for the total	

Clause	Existing	Amended	Remarks on
10.2	(f) The base of the pump sump shall be designed with a gradient of 1:40 or steeper, and which shall be graded towards the pumps. The pumps shall be located within a small sump pit which should be deeper than the pump sump so that there will be no stagnant water in the pump sump at all times.	quantum of inflow from the entire source catchment area over a duration of at least 3 hours or such longer period as may be deemed necessary by the Qualified Person or as required by the Board for the re-activation of the pumping installation in the event of emergency breakdown/repairs or power failure, based on the maximum recorded rainfall given below: Duration (hrs) 3 4 5 6 12 24 Total Rainfall (mm) 196.9 210.6 253.4 281.9 376.7 533.2	Changes Editorial Amandment
10.3	The civil and structural components of the pumped drainage system (including basement and/or detention tank pump systems) shall be designed and endorsed by a Professional Engineer (Civil) while the mechanical and electrical components shall be designed and endorsed by a Professional Engineer (Mechanical/Electrical). Design computations duly endorsed by the Professional Engineers shall be submitted to the Board for record, including the operation sequence and monitoring measures of the pumped drainage system and other relevant information.	The civil and structural components of the pumped drainage system shall be designed and endorsed by a Professional Engineer (Civil) while the mechanical and electrical components shall be designed and endorsed by a Professional Engineer (Mechanical/Electrical). Design computations duly endorsed by the Professional Engineers shall be submitted to the Board for record, including the operation sequence and monitoring measures of the pumped drainage system and other relevant information.	Editorial Amendment (Requirements for detention tanks will be in the new appendix on general design requirements for detention tank systems.)
10.4	The developer/owner shall be responsible for the maintenance, operation and monitoring of the pumped drainage system. The Qualified Persons shall liaise with the developer/owner to ensure that a wellestablished management set-up is operational to undertake this function before applying for the issue of Temporary Occupation Permit and Certificate of Statutory Completion.	The Qualified Person shall formulate a well-regulated procedure for the maintenance, operation and monitoring of the pumped drainage system. The developer/owner shall be responsible for the maintenance, operation and monitoring of the pumped drainage system. The Qualified Persons shall liaise with the developer/owner to ensure that a well-established management set-up is operational to undertake this function before applying for the issue of Temporary Occupation Permit and Certificate of Statutory Completion. Upon obtaining Temporary Occupation Permit (TOP), the Developer/Owner/Managing Agent/MCST/Town Council shall make annual declarations and	Shift to the relevant sub-topic section (To relocate 10.1(e) to 10.4 since it is about maintenance of the pumped drainage system and the responsibilities of respective parties). To remind Developer /Owner /Managing Agent /MCST /Town Council to make annual declarations to PUB under Clause 13.

Clause	Existing	Amended (Changes in blue)	Remarks on Changes
		submissions that the inspections to storm water drainage system including flood protection measures as stipulated in Clause 13.2 have been carried out.	
11.1.2	Temporary Occupation Permit (TOP) The declaration shall consist of the application for TOP clearance and be supported by as-constructed survey plans indicating: (i) the crest levels, platform levels (based on the approved flood protection measures); (ii) pump drainage system for basement; (iii) structural detention and retention features and/or ABC Waters design features, if they are used to satisfy the detention requirement as stipulated in Clause 7.1.5; and (iv) any other relevant information as required by the Board prepared and endorsed by a Registered Surveyor. Submission requirements for "As-Constructed" drawings for structural detention and retention features and/or ABC Waters design features are shown in Appendix 5.	Temporary Occupation Permit (TOP) The declaration shall consist of the application for TOP clearance and be supported by as-constructed survey plans indicating: (i) the crest levels, platform levels (based on the approved flood protection measures); (ii) common drain; (iii) pump drainage system for basement; (iv) structural detention and retention features and/or ABC Waters design features, if they are used to satisfy the detention requirement as stipulated in Clause 7.1.5; and (v) any other relevant information as required by the Board prepared and endorsed by a Registered Surveyor. Submission requirements for "As-Constructed" drawings for structural detention and retention features and/or ABC Waters design features are shown in Appendix 5.	Editorial amendment to align with existing practice.
13.2/	Declaration on Storm Water Drainage Systems 13.2.1 Upon obtaining the Temporary Occupation Permit (TOP), the Developer/ Owner/ Managing Agent/ MCST/ Town Council shall make annual declarations and submissions for the following storm water drainage systems via PUB website — Qualified Persons Portal: i. For developments installed with automated flood protection devices, a certificate of inspection of the automated flood protection device endorsed by a PE (Civil or Mechanical) together with supporting documents such as on-site leak test report and photographs shall be submitted. The inspection shall make reference to any relevant international standards or any requirements specified by the Board. ii. For developments constructed with pumped detention tanks for detention function as stipulated in Clause 7.1.5,	Declaration on Storm Water Drainage Systems including Flood Protection Measures 13.2.1 Upon obtaining the Temporary Occupation Permit (TOP), the Developer/ Owner/ Managing Agent/ MCST/ Town Council shall make annual declarations and submissions for the following storm water drainage systems including flood protection measures via PUB website – Business & Professional (B&P) Portal:	To implement regulatory maintenance regime (i.e. property owners to make annual declaration to PUB) that align with the SDA amendments.

use		Existing			ended es in <mark>blue</mark>)	Remarks on Changes
	submitted: a) Annu licens b) Quar of pu c) Quar of lev d) Quar desilt	g documents al electrical in se issued by I terly maintena mps; terly maintena vel control sys terly cleaning ting records o sump.	nstallation EMA; ance records ance records stem; and and		,	
			Type	of Development		
	Submission Requirements	Critical Infrastructur e (CI) /Special Facilities	Key Infrastructure (KI)	Developments with direct /indirect linkage to underground special facilities	Industrial, Institutional, Commercial and Multi-Unit Residential Developments	
	Type of flood protection measures (any of the following)	b)	Flood Barrier (n Pumped Detent Pumped Draina		d type)	
	Type of documents to be submitted annually together with the declaration for	An official letter with proper company letterhead endorsed by authorised representative from Developer/ Owner/ Managing Agent/ MCST/ Town Council declaring that the stormwater drainage system including flood protection measures within the premises are regularly inspected, maintained and kept in proper order.				
	records	Flood barrier i. ii. iii.	Automated floo Certificate of ir by PE/QP (Civ Manual flood b servicing reportest) by mainted Site layout plan	nspection endorsed il/ Mechanical) parrier - Inspection & rt (e.g. on-site leak enance contractors ins indicating in flood barriers and	Do note that if distribution substations (22kV, 6.6kV) are located within your development, the submission requirements shall follow the Key Infrastructure (KI).	
		Pumped Dete	Inspection & se maintenance of Maintenance re	ecords for pumps, vstem, cleaning and		
		Road /Under Portals and V	ground Rapid Vehicular Under Inspection & se maintenance of Maintenance relevel control sys	rvicing report by		

Clause	Existing	Amended (Changes in blue)	Remarks on Changes
13.2.2	The Developer/Owner/Managing Agent/MCST/Town Council shall submit amendments to the standard operating procedure (SOP) of the flood protection measures endorsed by a PE (Civil and/or Mechanical) to the Board for record.	Any change in original design or specifications for flood protection measures, the Developer/Owner/Managing Agent/MCST/Town Council shall engage a PE (Civil and/or Mechanical) to endorse the design and ensure they are able to meet the flood protection requirements stipulated in the Code of Practice on Surface Water Drainage, and the Board should be informed of the change.	To specify that the Developer/Owner/Ma naging Agent/MCST/Town Council should inform the Board for any change in original design or specification for flood protection measures.

Appendix	Title	Remarks on Changes
6	General Requirements for Detention Tank Systems	To specify
*New	(A) DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	detention tank requirements in the COP. Adapted from
	All access/openings into the detention tank shall be located at the ground level.	on-site stormwater detention tank
	2) All types of discharge system shall be designed to empty the tank within 4 hours after a storm event to ensure that the detention volume is available for the next storm event.	systems technical guide.
	3) An overflow structure shall be incorporated in the design of detention tank system to allow drainage of the site in the event that the detention tank system malfunctions (e.g. the orifice clogs or a power outage disables the pumps) or is completely full. The overflow structure shall be sized for a maximum allowable peak discharge based on a runoff coefficient of 0.55.	
	4) For detention tank with pumped discharge system, the minimum design and operation criteria shall be as follows:	
	 (i) The maximum operating pumping capacity shall be less than the maximum allowable peak discharge. (ii) All pumped discharge systems shall be designed for automated operation 	
	(ii) All pumped discharge systems shall be designed for automated operation of the pumping system, with an option for manual control to override the automated system when required.	
	(iii) The pumped discharge system for detention tank shall not be combined with the pumped drainage system required for the drainage of underground facilities/ basements as stipulated in Clause 4.9.	
	(iv) There shall be minimally one standby pumping equipment, including standby pumps i.e., (N duty + 1 Standby) ¹ .	
	(v) The pumped discharge system shall be supported by a generator should the main power supply fail.	
	(vi) The pumped discharge system shall discharge storm water from the detention tank into the internal drainage system at the ground level via a swan neck connection which complies with the minimum crest level requirement as stated in Clause 2.2. Direct pumping discharge into the roadside/outlet drain is not permissible.	
	(vii) The pumps shall be located within a small sump pit which should be deeper than the pump sump so that there will be no stagnant water in the pump/ discharge sump at all times.	
	(viii) The QP shall formulate a well-regulated procedure for the maintenance, operation and monitoring of the pumped discharge system.	
	(ix) The criteria specified above are minimum requirements which shall be complied with. Nevertheless, the QP shall be fully responsible for the complete design of the pumped discharge system, incorporating such additional features or requirements as the QP may deem necessary to ensure the detention tank system is able to perform as required during a storm event.	
	5) The Developer/Owner shall be responsible for the maintenance, operation and monitoring of the detention tank system. The QPs shall liaise with the Developer/Owner to ensure that a well-established management set-up is operational to undertake this function before applying for the issue of Temporary Occupation Permit and Certificate of Statutory Completion.	
	6) For more information such as design, operation and maintenance considerations for detention tank systems, QPs can refer to the Technical Guide for On-Site Stormwater Detention Tank Systems, available on the PUB website.	
	¹ For pumped drainage system designed for underground facilities, the minimum standby pumping requirement is stipulated in Clause 10.1 (b) and dependent on the type of development.	

(B) SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

- 1) During DC submission stage, the following documents, endorsed by a QP, shall be submitted:
- a) Proposed drainage plans indicating catchment and sub-catchment boundaries. If more than one detention tank is required, the plans should indicate clearly the specific sub-catchment(s) of each tank including the outlet discharge point of the internal drainage system to the public drain.
- b) Proposed site plan with clear indication of the following details:
 - (i) Runoff coefficients and area of development with varying characteristics of catchment/sub-catchment;
 - (ii) Proposed structural detention and retention features and the catchment/sub-catchment area of each feature, to attenuate stormwater runoff to comply with COP requirements;
- (iii) Proposed location and footprint of the detention tank(s), pumping facilities (if applicable), the effective depth of the detention tank(s) and connection point to the internal drainage system. For a detention tank that is located in the basement and is operated with a pumped discharge system, the plan should indicate clearly the location(s) of the swan neck connection (showing the crest level) of the pumped discharge system.
- 2) During DP submission stage, the following documents, endorsed by a QP, shall be submitted:
- Detailed drawing plans and sections of the detention tank system, clearly indicating the inlet and outlet configuration and levels, connections to upstream drainage network and downstream internal and external drains.
- b) Design calculations or modelling results.
- c) Details of the Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) on the operation and maintenance of the detention system (including pumped discharge system, if applicable).
- d) Details of the proposed pumped discharge system (pump capacity, crest level of the swan neck, power requirements), if applicable.

The civil and structural components of the pumped discharge system shall be designed and endorsed by a Professional Engineer (Civil) while the mechanical and electrical components shall be designed and endorsed by a Professional Engineer (Mechanical/Electrical). Design computations duly endorsed by the Professional Engineers shall be submitted to the Board, including the operation sequence and monitoring measures of the pumped discharge system and other relevant information.

- 3) During TOP/CSC stage, the following documents, endorsed by a QP, shall be submitted:
- a) Certificate of inspection on the detention tank and pump discharge system (if applicable).
- b) Written declaration by the QP that the maximum stormwater discharge from the development is in compliance with the maximum allowable peak runoff stipulated in the COP and constructed according to approved plans.
- c) Written confirmation by the QP that he has liaised with the Developer/Owner to ensure that a Maintenance/Managing Agent has been established to undertake the SOP of the maintenance, operation and monitoring of the detention tank system.
- d) As-built drawing plans of the detention tank systems, as-built survey plan and final design calculations indicating the detention systems were constructed in accordance with the approved plans. The as-built survey plan shall be prepared and endorsed by a registered surveyor.
- 4) Upon obtaining Temporary Occupation Permit (TOP), the Developer/Owner/Managing Agent/MCST/Town Council shall make annual declarations and submissions that the inspections to storm water drainage system including flood protection measures as stipulated in Clause 13.2 have been carried out.

Drawing	Title	Remarks on Changes
1	Typical Details of Roadside Drain Elements	Editorial changes for clarity and align with LTA's SDRE.
5	Enhancement Drop-Inlet Chambers	Editorial changes for clarity. Update the relevant standard for DIC pipe.
9 *New	Standard Details of Services Overcrossing Drain With The Top Slab Thickened Upwards	Refer to Clause 5.5.2